

VARONIS DATALERT SUITE

Detect and alert on suspicious activity on your file and email systems.

DATALERT:

- · Monitor critical assets for suspicious activity and unusual behavior
- Cross-platform event monitoring on Windows, UNIX/Linux, NAS, Active Directory, SharePoint, or Exchange
- Trigger alerts across multiple platforms, helping you detect potential security breaches, misconfigurations, and other issues
- · Detect critical events and compromised assets
- · Reduce the amount of time it takes to find and assess a real issue

DATALERT ANALYTICS:

- Automate threat detection with predictive threat models built on advanced analytics, user behavior, and machine learning
- Profile user roles and service accounts and baseline how they use file and email systems and interact with Active Directory
- Get meaningful insights into user and data patterns, security risks, and social connections
- Defend against insider threats, ransomware, and potential data breaches

VISUALIZE, INTERPRET, AND ANALYZE YOUR DATA:

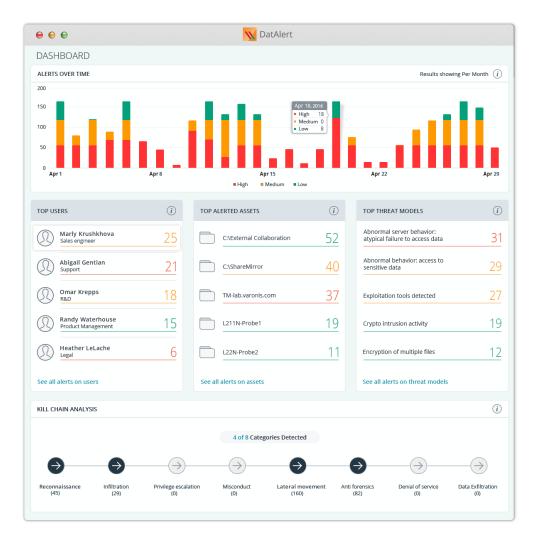
- Use the DatAlert web-based dashboards to help score, triage, analyze, and prioritize alerts and take action to resolve incidents
- · Configure alert criteria and output the way you need it
- · Trigger custom actions with command line execution
- · Easily integrate with SIEM and network management solutions

VARONIS BEHAVIOR RESEARCH LABORATORY:

- A dedicated team of security experts and data scientists from Varonis continually introduce new behavior-based threat models
- Stay up-to-date on the latest security issues, APTs, and insider threats, and how to defend against them







MONITOR, ANALYZE, AND DETECT:

- Ransomware behavior
- · Unusual file activity
- Unusual mailbox and email activity
- · Access to sensitive data
- Unauthorized access attempts
- Unusual encryption activity
- Accumulative analysis on idle and sensitive data
- Unusual access to system files
- Unauthorized data access
- Unusual encryption activity
- Misconfigurations
- System intrusion

- Unauthorized privilege escalations
- · Mass delete behaviors
- · Abnormal lockout behaviors
- Attempts to damage and destroy operational files
- Exploitation tools
- Membership changes
- · Modifications to critical files and units
- Modifications to critical GPOs
- Suspicious access activity
- Permission changes
- · Brute force attacks
- Attempted data exfiltration

